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INTRODUCTION

"We will introduce a norm for language learning in schools based on the European Union 1 + 2 model - that is we will create the conditions in which every child will learn two languages in addition to their own mother tongue. This will be rolled out over two Parliaments, and will create a new model for language acquisition in Scotland."

Scottish Government manifesto commitment, 2011

RATIONALE OF THE 1+2 PRIMARY PILOT PROJECTS

- To embed L2 into the life of the school, and teach it at all levels from P1 to P7
- To use L2 where possible for all classroom interaction (modelled on the "Immersion approach"), using gesture and expression if necessary
- To create relevant and meaningful learning contexts for L2 through interdisciplinary learning
- To work with practitioners to plan collaboratively to ensure coherence and progression in the language learning experiences provided for all learners

CURRICULUM FOR EXCELLENCE, MODERN LANGUAGES, INTRODUCTORY STATEMENTS

The **1+2 pilot project is** planned around the **three key Introductory Statements** of the CfE Modern Languages (see below). Suggested Learning Experiences align with the **seven Principles of Curriculum Design**, focusing specifically on **progression**, **relevance** and **challenge and enjoyment**.

"Learning a new language encourages pupils and young people to broaden their horizons as they explore the language and its associated culture. Through my learning of a new language:

- I gain a deeper understanding of my first language and appreciate the richness and interconnected nature of languages
- I enhance my understanding and enjoyment of other cultures and of my own and gain insights into other ways of thinking and other views of the world.
- I develop skills that I can use and enjoy in work and leisure throughout my life."

CfE Modern Languages Framework

GENERIC PRINCIPLES

Responsibility of All

Literacy, Numeracy and Health and well-being remain the responsibility of all practitioners. Aspects of all three, but particularly literacy, will be a natural part of modern language lessons. Through learning how another language works, pupils can understand their own language better. The study of another language **plays an important role in all language learning and the development of literacy skills.**

"Literacy is fundamental to all areas of learning, as it unlocks access to the wider curriculum. Being literate increases opportunities for the individual in all aspects of life, lays the foundations for lifelong learning and work, and contributes strongly to the development of all four capacities of Curriculum for Excellence"

Building the Curriculum 1

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PLANNING FOR PROGRESSION - P1&P2 / Block 2 - FRENCH

"The open-ended nature of the experiences and outcomes allows for **creativity** and **flexibility** and allows primary teachers to focus on teaching methodologies for **skills development** and for a **deeper understanding** without having to plan for too much content/topic coverage." CFE Modern Languages Principles and Practice

The 1+2 pilot projects will provide pupils with a range of meaningful language learning experiences which will allow for early achievement of some or all of the second level outcomes and, in the longer term, opportunities for depth and breadth of learning.

Practitioners are expected to build on prior learning and teaching by revisiting and recycling language previously learned.					
Suggested learning experiences * = refer to Resources provided	Suggested learning intentions	Suggested success criteria	How do I assess the learning? Possible evidence		
Suggested context for learning(appropriate to age and stage oflearners): Tidou, the French puppet, has just arrived at the school.He's been sent to teach pupils about France/the French language.Learning numbers from 0 to 10:- With help of Tidou, teach 1 or more numbers per session usingNumber flashcards* depending on how you get on. Get pupils touse fingers to show numbers. Pupils repeat numbers that theyhave learnt by clapping hands in pairs and then swap partner.	I will learn to respond appropriately to daily classroom routines and instructions in L2 which may be accompanied by gesture and expression.	I can use and/or demonstrate my understanding of words such as <i>faites une ligne</i> , <i>écoutez, regardez-moi</i> , when talking with my teacher and with others. (refer to IDL Activity 1)	Do : Taking part in simple games and activities using phrases and words from L2 Do : react appropriately to classroom instructions		
 - P.E TIME – "Pass the ball" game*: Pupils standing in a big circle with a ball. They have to throw the ball to each other in a circle and count to 10. The child who has the ball when the number dix (10) is shouted out has to say Merci! And sit down, until all the pupils are sitting down. - "Giant dice" game*: Pupils pick a card or throw a "giant" dice and they have to jump as many times as the number on the card or dice. Everybody joins in and counts aloud. You can also twirl 	I will learn to explore the patterns and sounds of L2 and make comparisons and connections between sound patterns in different languages.	Through discussion, songs and rhymes such as <i>Joyeux</i> <i>anniversaire</i> or games such as <i>Quelle heure est-il M le loup</i> ? I can show understanding and enjoyment, on my own and/or with others, by listening, joining in and responding. (refer to IDL Activity 1)	Say: Playing game at Assembly Say/Do: Recording game being played to post on school website or send to partner school in Spain		
around, jump on one foot, etc. - "Corner" game*: put number cards in different places in the room. Put music on, teacher says a number; the pupils have to get to the right corner before the music stops. Get pupils to say what number they are standing in front of. Get a child to replace you and		I can use appropriate intonation when asking and answering questions and my pronunciation will become increasingly accurate and easily understood by others	Say/write : peer assess and feedback on pronunciation, etc.		

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shout out numbers.			
- P.E TIME – "Stepping stones" game*: put some numbers on the floor as stepping stones to go through an imaginary river. Pupils have to hop from stone to stone, saying the numbers aloud, and cross without falling into the river!	I will learn about social conventions when listening and talking with others.	I can demonstrate awareness of when to listen and when to talk.	Make/write: a short film clip of pupils demonstrating turn taking / teacher observation when participating in role plays/games in L2
- "The human number line"*: In groups of 10, against the clock, create a human number line, with each pupil holding a number card from 1-10 or from 10-1. Pupils say their number out loud. You can then get pupils to swap places.	I will learn new words in L2 relevant to specific contexts such as numeracy and personal information.	I can share information about myself using new words in L2 and by responding to questions such as <i>Quel âge tu as</i> ?	Say : Taking part in simple dialogues with a partner. Do : Recording the dialogues
 refer to IDL Activity 1* (Quelle heure est-il M le loup?) for a game to practice numbers 1 to 10. 		I can use and/or demonstrate my understanding of numbers from 0 to 10 in L2 when talking	Say: Greet people with Happy Birthday in L2. Say/Do: Recording a Birthday
- refer to ILD Activity 2* ("Combien d'objets il y a devant/derrière?) for simple adding up and taking off practice		with my teacher and with others.	message Make/write: Making a Birthday card using learned phrases
Learning to say your age: - Keep using the song <i>Joyeux anniversaire</i> around birthdays. On the occasion of a pupil's Birthday, Tidou asks what age he/she is (Quel âge tu as ?). Teach the pupils to recognise the question and say their age (<i>J'ai x ans</i>). Pupils practise by clapping hands with a partner (<i>i.e J'ai 3 ans, un, deux, tois</i>). Each clap represents a syllable.		I can draw on my knowledge of numeracy to use L2 to do simple taking off / adding up operations. (refer to IDL Activity 2)	Do: Taking part in games and activities using numbers in L2 Say/Do: Recording pupils practicing numbers 0 to 10 Do: Pupils participate and lead the IDL activity 2 Make: a number chart in L2
- ICT CROSS-CURRICULAR TIME: design a birthday cake with the right number of candles on it, and write your age (<i>j'ai x ans</i>)			
- "Find your partner" game*: give one number card to each pupil. Tell them this is their "new" age. They have to go around the room saying their "new" age (<i>i.e. J'ai 6 ans</i>) and asking other pupils their age (<i>Et toi?</i>) (I'm 6. And you?). They carry on until they have found all their partners (i.e. all other pupils with same age).	I will become aware of other cultures, and traditions through the study of relevant materials in L2.	I can take part in a French playground game such as <i>Quelle heure est-il M le looup</i> ? (refer to IDL Activity 1)	Do : Play game in the playground Do : filming the game and post on school website or send to partner school in Spain

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INTERDISCPLINARY LEARNING - ACTIVITY 1 - P1&P2 / Block 2 - FRENCH

Learners will familiarise themselves with a French playground game such as « QUELLE HEURE EST-IL MONSIEUR LE LOUP ? », learn the words and instructions and play the game.

Learning Intentions	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Language	
- I will learn to take part in a French	- Watch the video provided with your pupils.	Et maintenant, un jeu !	And now, a game
playground game.	- Practise the phrases needed to play the game	Le jeu de M le loup	The game of Mr Wolf
	(refer to Key language), using gesture and	Ecoutez	Listen (group)
Success Criteria	expression.	Faites une ligne ici	Make a line here
- I can take part in a French playground	- PE TIME: Play the game during PE sessions	Regardez-moi	Look at me
game such as Quelle heure est-il M le		Je suis le loup	I am the wolf
loup? and play with others.	Resources/Support	Répétez	Repeat (group)
, , , ,	- A video of the game being played by native	Quand je dis "il est 5 heures"	When I say "It's 5 oclock"
Possible Evidence	children	Faites 5 pas	Take 5 steps forward
- Do: play game in the playground	- A PPT document with recorded Key Language	Comptez les pas, comme ça	Count the steps, like this
- Do: filming the game and posting on	- Ongoing e-mail support from the LFEE team	Attention !	Careful!
school website or sending to partner		Quelle heure est-il M le Loup?	What time is it Mr Wolf?
school in France		Il est midi. J'ai faim! Miam miam	It's 12. I'm hungry! Yum
- Say: explain how to play the game, using		C'est parti !	Let's go!
a mixture of English and French		A toi	Your turn
- Make: a poster to put on the wall when			
game is played (with numbers/ wolf/etc.)			
Challenge & Application (relevant to age and	d stage of learners)	1	

Challenge & Application (relevant to age and stage of learners)

- Think, pair, share to compare the game to similar games in Scotland
- In small groups, invent a new version of the game by replacing Quelle heure est-il M le loup? with other known French questions (ie. "Quel âge tu as?." (using numbers), "Comment tu t'appelles?" (using alphabet.), etc.)
- Pupils teach other pupils how to play the original/new game.
- Research on the internet, to find other traditional games in the French speaking world
- Incorporate these new games into the school's sports week/day

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INTERDISCPLINARY LEARNING - ACTIVITY 2 - P1&P2 / Block 2 - FRENCH

« COMBIEN D'OBJETS IL Y A DEVANT/DERRIERE ? » (HOW MANY OBJECTS ARE BEHIND/IN FRONT OF?) : Learners will explore the sequence of numbers from 0-

10 in French, and practice simple taking off / adding up operations.

Learning Intentions	Possible learning experiences	Key Language	
- I will learn to count to 10 in French.	- Choose a "magic screen" with the class to	Maintenant, regardez	Now, look (group)
- I will learn to make simple taking	use in this game (could be a book, a hat, a	Il y a 5 objets ici	There are 5 objects here
off / adding up operations in L2.	bucket, etc.) and 10 of the same objects	Comptez: 1,2, 3, 4, 5	Count (group)
	- Put a number of objects to the front of the	Fermez les yeux	Close your eyes (group)
Success Criteria	screen and get the whole class to count with	Ouvrez les yeux	Open your eyes (group)
- I can use and demonstrate my	you. Pupils then close their eyes as you	Levez la main	Put your hand up
understanding of numbers from 0-	remove some objects and put them behind	Devant	In front of
10 in French.	the screen. Pupils open their eyes and have	Combien d'objets il y a devant ?	How many objects are in front?
- I can use and demonstrate my	to say how many objects are in front	Derrière	Behind
understanding of taking off / adding	of/behind the screen.	Combien d'objets il y a derrière ?	How many objects are behind?
up operations.	- Pupils make a simple screen out of folded	Devant, il y a 3 objets	In front, there is/there are
	cardboard to be able play in pairs or groups	Derrière, il y a 2 objets	Behind, there is/there are
Possible Evidence	at their table. The screen cam be decorated	Encore une fois	Again
Do : Taking part in games and	with "French things"	Encore une fois ?	Again?
activities using numbers in L2	- In pairs or small groups, pupils lead activity	A toi	Your turn (1 person)
Say/Do: Recording pupils practicing	described above	A vous	Your turn (group)
numbers 0 to 10		2 par 2	In pairs
Do : Pupils participate and lead the	Resources/Support	En groupes	In groups
IDL activity 2	- A PPT document with recorded Key	En groupes de 4	In groups of 4
Make: a French number chart	Language		
display for the classroom	- Numbers flashcards		
	- Ongoing e-mail support from the LFEE team		

Challenge & Application (relevant to age and stage of learners)

• Sorting objects into sets and counting in L2. Deciding which is the biggest/smallest set. Ordering sets.

- Competition between 2 pupils to count forwards and backwards to 10 in French kinaesthetic style. Pupils start with their hands in the air and step by step take them down all the way to 1 when they touch the floor.
- Learn to count to 30 or more. Play similar games. Count in 10s